## Putting "Equity" into Practice

Rene Canler, Principal Woodmere Elementary (rcanler@pps.net) Emily Glasgow, Principal Vestal K8 (eglasgow@pps.net)

## **Think-Pair-Share**

# What do you think of when you hear the word EQUITY?

## **Our Thoughts**

- Fair means everyone gets what they need.
- Student needs drive programs, structures, schedules, and systems.
- We teach/lead for the students we have, not the students we wish we had.
- This work is hard--one size fits all can't cut it.
- We have to support and develop adults to grow and sustain.
- Constant learning, reflection, and problem-solving.

### **Scenarios**

#1: You are assigned to lead a new school. You learn that the school uses a Walk to Read model. The model is described to you as follows: "Core" students are taught the core curriculum in a large class for 90 minutes with one teacher. "Strategic" and "intervention" students are taught a remedial reading curriculum in small classes for 90 minutes with a support teacher. Is this equitable? How do you approach this model? #2: Your student demographics are as follows--30% white, 20% Asian, 20% Hispanic, 20%
African American, 10% Other. In reviewing your discipline data, you realize that 50% of your incidents involve African American students, 30% involve Hispanic students, 15% involve
White students, and 5% involve Other students. Is this equitable? What do you do? Vestal K8: Working to Reduce Disproportionate & Exclusionary Discipline

## **The Big Question**

"If a child doesn't know how to read, we teach. If a child doesn't know how to swim, we teach. If a child doesn't know how to multiply, we teach. If a child doesn't know how to drive, we teach. If a child doesn't know how to behave, we...teach? punish? Why don't we finish the last sentence as automatically as we do the others?"

(Tom Hoerner, NASDE President)

## Disrupting the School to Prison Pipeline

- 40% students expelled from US schools each year are Black.
- 70% students referred to law enforcement by schools are Black/Latino.
- Black students are 3.5x more likely than white students to be suspended.
- 61% of US prison population is Black/Latino.

## **Key Components**

## Lenses: Trauma-Informed + Racially/Culturally-Relevant

PBIS + Restorative Practices + Social Emotional Learning

## **Building a Trauma-Informed School**

A trauma-informed school...

Realizes both the widespread impact of trauma and the role the school can play in promoting resiliency; recognizes the signs and impacts of trauma in students, families and staff; and responds by fully integrating knowledge about trauma into policies, procedures, and practices, and seeks to actively resist retraumatization of students and staff.

\* Adapted from SAMHSA's Concept of Trauma and Guidance for a Trauma Informed Approach (2014) by the DCI trauma informed schools advisory group.

## Moving from Trauma to Resiliency

#### Children who experience chronic trauma:

- Have trouble forming/maintaining relationships
- Disconnect from their own feelings
- Struggle to read self and others effectively
- Experience emotional dysregulation
- See threat everywhere (Paper Tigers)

Schools that foster resiliency:

- Focus on relationship-building
- Provide structure, predictability, and safety
- Teach self-regulation
- Understand what underlies behavior
- Ask "what happened to you?" NOT "what's wrong with you?"
- Shift away from punitive approaches

#### Non-Punitive Frameworks: Community-Building & Accountability

#### PBIS:

- Clear expectations & routines
- Commitment to teaching and reteaching behavior
- Systems for recognizing met expectations
- Systems for responding to unmet expectations

#### **Restorative Practices:**

- Community-building circles
- Focus on relationships
- Acknowledgement of "harm" done and commitment to restoration
- Commitment to meaningful reentry to community

#### Social Emotional Learning:

• Explicit time & tools to teach self-regulation (i.e. Zones of Regulation, Mind Up, Advisory, etc.)

## Woodmere K5 - WIN (*What I Need*) Enrichment and Intervention Blocks

## Woodmere Elementary

Located in Portland's outer southeast, Woodmere's diversity is its strength. Our student demographics are as follows:

- 35% White, 24% Latino, 21% Asian, 9% Multi-race, 7% Black, 4% Other
- 86% qualify for free/reduced lunch
- Over 18 different native languages spoken; 40% identified ELL students
- 20% students with disabilities; 21% mobility rate
- Focus School; currently a level 4 school

## Master Schedule

- Weekly Professional Development (WPD)
- What I Need (WIN) Blocks
  - A school-wide system structured within the master schedule
  - Reading and Math Enrichment/Intervention
    - 150-225 additional reading minutes; 120-135 additional math minutes
  - By grade level bands (K/1st; 2nd/3rd; and 4th/5th)
  - A flood of 10-12 staff during every block including classroom teachers, SpEd teacher, ESL teacher, Support Teachers, Specials Teachers, Educational Assistants

#### Master Schedule

2015 - 2016 MASTER		Monday							Tuesday						Wednesday					Thursday						Friday				
		К	1	-	3	4	5	К	1	2	3	4	5	К	1	2 3	4	5	K	1	2	3	4	5	Κ	1	2	3	4	5
7:45	8:00									Accession	REP					PREP					PR	EP					PRI	EP		
8:00	8:15			Pł	REP						KEP.			L		ristr								- 1						
8:15	8:30																_								-	10				
8:30	8:45	Breakfast - Attendance - Duty			ity	Breakfast - Attendance - Duty					Breakfast - Attendance - Duty					Breakfast - Attendance						Breakfast – Attendance - I				-	1.1			
8:45	9:00	WIN		ELA 8:45		Mails		W1N Repair		ELA 8:45	3	WPD 4n	Mat	WIN Rear		ELA 8:45-	Mail D-4		WIN - Readi		ELA 8:45-		-Minh Heat5		Read	ing	8:45-		Math-	
9:00	9:15		ding -9:30	10:1		411458			-9:30	10:1		111/	in a		-9:30	10:15			8:45-1		10:15				11:45-	9:30	10:15			
9:15	9:30											1.0	5													_				
9:30	9:45	ELA 9:30-11		1		and the second		ELA 9:30-11				8:45		ELA 9:38-11					ELA 9:30-11				WIN-		ELA 9:30-11	11			WIN	
9:45	10:00	9:30	-11			WIN- Math		9:30	-11			10.15		1			Will						Math						Math	h
10:00	10:15					945-1				-	_		_					-1015			-		945-	1015			COLUMN .	_	945-	101
10:15	10:30			WIN	-					WIN			WPD Se			WIN - Reading	-				WIN fkend		_				Readi	ing :		-
10:30	10:45				-3045					1015			PE/			1015-104					1015	1045	_				1015-0	1045		+
10:45	11:00												Lb			ELA 10:45-11:5	5						_			_		_	-	+
11:00	11:15	Here	144					Here	100				10:15	tter.					11.05						11:04				_	+-
11:15	11:30	11-1		Rece	100			11-3		Dece			11,40	11-3		Recess			12:35		11-24				11:0	1	11:25		-	
11:30	11:45	Luni 11:3		13:5	5	11:45		Lun- 11:3		11.5		Recu 11:4		Lun 11:3		11.55	Rei		Lunch 11:35		11:5	5	114		Lunc 11:35	s-	Lund	-	11.4	
11:45	12:00	11:5		Lune 11:5		12:15		11:5		Lune 11:5		12:1	5	11:5	55	Lunch 11:55 -	12	15	11:55		Lunc 11:53		12.1	5	11:5	5	11:55	5- 1	12-1 Lune	5
12:00	12:15			12:1		Lunch 12:15				12:1		Lune 12:1			WPD 1 <sup>st</sup>	12:15	Lur 12:	15-		-	12:1		Lune 12:1				12:15	_	12:1	15 -
12:15	12:30			Muth		12:35				1070	Mont	12:3			1987	March	12:					34 MAD	12:3	5	_		Math 12:15		12:3	5
12:30	12:45			1.254						PR/	12				12:0	110						PE/					1115			
12:45	1:00	WIN	-					WIN		12:20	15-				0-				WIN- Math			12.20			WIN Math					
1:00	1:15	124	5-115						5-115	158	8								1245	115	2	1:59			1245	-115			_	
1:15	1:30	ofinit		Will		ELA						ELA	-2:10			WIN-	EL.	A 0-2:10	Math				ELA 1:10	-2:10	No. of Co.		Math		ELA 1:10	
1:30	1:45	1.16		Mat) 1:15		1:10-	2:10					1.10	-2.10	WPD K	5	1:15-2											1.15-	2		
1:45	2:00													PE/ Lib																
2:00	2:15													1:25															-	
2:15	2:30					WIN						WIN	dinut	245				14 - ading				_	Real				-	-	Real	
2:30	2:45					8ead 2:10-	255						amur 0-2:55					0-2:55				_		-2-55						0-21
2:45	3:00																													

## What Happened?

- SpEd schedule created in an hour
  - All students serviced during the WIN blocks where IEP minutes were exceeded per week
- Educational Assistants delivered small group instruction
  - As planned by teachers, through the use of scripted curricula
- Students desired to attend WIN Reading and Math
  - Groups as small as 3 students for our tier 3 learners; as large as 23 for our tier 1 learners
  - Curricula used included LLI, ERI, Comprehension Toolkit, Junior Great Books, and a Novel Study with OBOB books (and other in reading); Bridges Intervention Pilot in math
  - TAG students naturally received and participated in higher level dialogue and interactions
- A stronger focus on the CORE

## Staffing and Professional Development

- Rtl Support Teachers
  - K-2nd (and family liaison); 3rd-5th (and data analyst)
  - Participated in selecting the Leveled Literacy Intervention (LLI) curriculum
- Attended Rtl Conference in Minnesota, summer 2015
- Half of the teachers participated in a three day LLI professional development
- Media Specialist participates in the reading blocks; PE and Music teachers participate in the math blocks

## The Process

- Students are Benchmarked
  - September, January, May
  - Dibels (K-3), EasyCBM (4-5) in Reading; Scantron (K-5) in Math
  - DRAs are assessed to our tier 2 and 3 students and by need
- Teachers Participate in Grade-Band Data Days (100% Meetings)
  - K/1st; 2nd/3rd; and 4th/5th
  - Reading and Math
  - $\circ$   $\,$  Core and WIN  $\,$
  - Student Growth Goals are Created

## The Process (cont.)

- WIN Begins
  - October-January; February-May
- Grade-Band Progress Meetings are Held (20% Meetings)
  - After the first 6 weeks
  - Changes are made as necessary

## Equitable Decisions, Rigorous Expectations

- The Core is Highlighted and Remains Heterogeneous
- The Enrichment/Intervention WIN Blocks are carefully created through the use of data and teacher anecdotal records
  - By grade band, allowing for a specialized small group scaffolding to enrichment providing the opportunity of higher order thinking and dialogue
  - By race/ethnicity, gender, and individuality